

### Introduction

The Nuaire Twinfan and Singlefan Direct Drive range consists of 2 basic designs with duties up to a maximum of 1.53m³/s.

Units are rectangular in section and have circular rigid spigots at each end. Four matching mounting feet are supplied with the unit. Casings are manufactured from pre-galvanised steel.

Full size access panels are fitted to the top and bottom faces. These panels are fully detachable for inspection DURDOSES.

The internal surfaces of the case (including the top and bottom panels) are lined with a flame retardant acoustic lining material.

The units incorporate two independent motors with high efficiency, centrifugal impellers running in metal scrolls. The fans discharge into a common outlet chamber through a shutter system that prevents blowback through the standby fan.

The motors are manufactured to BS 5000 and are suitable for single phase supply. Airflow and failure monitors are standard as is Class B insulation. Suitable for operation in ambient temperatures up to 40°C.

### Handling

Handle the units carefully to avoid damage and distortion. If mechanical aids are used to lift the unit, spreaders should be employed and positioned so as to prevent the slings, webbing etc. making contact with the casing.

### Installation

The installation must be carried out by competent personnel in accordance with the appropriate authority and conforming to all statutory and governing regulations.

The units can be mounted in any attitude except vertical with the outlet facing down, or inverted i.e. upside down as

#### Table | Dimensions (mm)

					Weight (kg)	
Unit	Α	В	С	D dia.	EST	ESX
ESTCP4	1063	1047	352	250	62	-
ESTCP6/ESXCP6	1193	1047	423	400	79	63
ESTCP9/ESXCP9	1195	1174	575	500	154	125

in these attitudes the shutters will not operate.

The units are supplied for installation into In-Line ductwork (internal) applications. The mounting feet can be employed in surface or suspended applications.

Fig. 2 Installation guide





Units should always be positioned with sufficient space to allow removal of the access covers and subsequent removal of fan and motor assemblies etc.

Ductwork connections must be airtight to prevent loss of performance. The method of mounting used is the total responsibility of the installer. The unit has an external case side mounted control module/terminal box and is supplied ready for connection into the electrical supply. If necessary, the module can be located on the other side of the unit (suitable fixings by others).

#### **Rigid Mounting**

Note, the unit case has captive M8 nuts which can be used after removing the M8 'plugging' screws.

Fig. 3 A.V. mounting (typical)			Table 2.
	Code	Α	в
	NAVI	30	50
	NAV2	40	75
	NAV3	40	75
	NAV4	40	75
	NAV5	40	75
В	NAV6	50	100

#### **On Resilient Mountings**

Suspension rods / fixing screws are not supplied. Note that the large round washers included in the resilient mounting kits are for fitting above or below the resilient mounting as required to safeguard the installation against break-up of, or damage to, a mounting. In the event of a resilient mounting failure the washer will support the weight of the unit.

#### Suspended from ceiling

Large washers should be fitted BELOW the resilient mounts.

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### Electrical Details

#### IMPORTANT

Isolation - Before commencing work make sure that the unit, switched live and Nuaire control are electrically isolated from the mains supply.

#### Warning - Inverter Speed Control

An Inverter is used to provide speed control. When the fan is isolated, allow 5 minutes for the capacitors in the inverter to discharge before commencing any work on the unit.

### RDC

If a RDC is fitted to protect the circuit, a type B RCD should be used (trip limit 300mA). Otherwise nuisance tripping will occur.

## Wiring Connections

Fig. 4 Control module connection details.

Because the run and start currents depend upon the duty and associated ductwork of an individual unit, the values quoted in the table are nominal.

Run currents will be exceeded if the unit is operated with its cover removed. It is therefore recommended that the unit is not run for prolonged periods in this condition.

Table 3.

#### Motor Electrical Information

230V single phase 50Hz only

Unit Cod∈	Max Speed rpm				Operatin Min*** (Pa)	g Pressure Max*** (Pa)
ESTCP4	3600	0.52	3.1	5	50	450
ESTCP6,		1.1	6	ю	50	350
ESTCP9,	/ 960	1.6	9	IB	50	350

\* Starting current not applicable as units feature 'soft start'.

\*\* Recommended fuse rating of the circuit supplying the unit.

\*\*\* Operating pressure measured across the unit at maximum speed. Actual controlled pressure (i.e. Constant Pressure setting) would be lower. Typically 300Pa maximum.

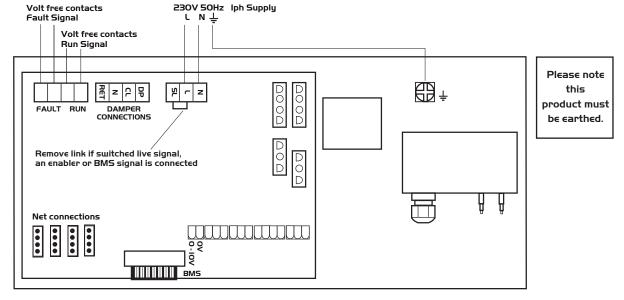
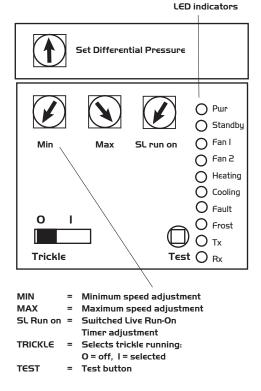


Fig. 5 Commissioning panel details



## Connections (see fig. 4).

### a) Control Connections

**Net** - the 4 IDC plug-in connectors are provided for the connection of compatible sensors, manual controls and for linking the fans together under a common control. If more than 4 connections are required, the junction box (product code ES-JB) should be used (see data cable installation on page 3).

**Switch Live (SL) terminal** - A signal of IOO-23OV a.c. will activate the fan. Note that a signal from an isolating transformer will produce unpredictable result and is not recommended.

#### b) Damper connections

- **OP** 230V 50Hz IA max supply to open the damper
- CL 230V 50Hz IA max supply to close the damper
- N Neutral supply to damper

**RET** - 230V ac return signal from the damper limit switch to indicate the damper has reached its operating position. If the return signal is not present, the fan will wait for I minute before starting.

Note: If a damper is not fitted, connect a link wire from OP to RET. This will cancel the delay.

#### c) Volt Free Relay Contacts

Note that the volt free contacts are not fused. If these are used to power any external equipment, the installer must provide adequate fusing or other protections.

These contacts are rated at 5A resistive, 0.5A inductive. **Run connections** - These contacts are closed when the fan is running.

**Fault connections** - No fault = the contacts are closed. Fault = the contacts are opened (this includes no power supply at the unit).

#### d) Data Cable installation

A 4-core SELV data cable is used to connect devices such as sensors to the fan and for interconnecting multiple fan units.

Do not run data cable in the same conduit as the mains cables and ensure there is a 50mm separation between the data cable and other cables. The maximum cable run between any two devices is 300m when it is installed in accordance with the instructions.

Please note that the total data cable length used in any system must be less than IOOOm. Keep the number of cable joints to a minimum to ensure the best data transmission efficiency between devices.

#### e) Maximum number of devices

The maximum number of devices (including fans) that can be connected together via the cable is 32, irrespective of their functions.

# f) Any other low voltage/signal cable connection i.e. BMS

Follow the guidelines as given in 'd' and keep the cable length as short as possible - less than 50m.

### Using the Test button

The test button allows the individual blowers within the unit to be checked for its operation. If the fan is running already, press the button once to stop the fan, press again to switch on the standby fan, press again to stop and so on.

Note that the fan will return to normal operation after 30 seconds.

### **LED** Indication

PWR	GREEN: Power on & OK,
Standby	LED on when fan is not running.
Fan I	GREEN: Fan I is running, RED: Fan I faulty.
Fan 2	GREEN: Fan 2 is running, RED: Fan 2 faulty.
Heating*	Not applicable. See note.
Cooling*	Not applicable. See note.
Fault	LED on when a fault is present on unit.
Frost*	Not applicable. See note.
Тх	LED on when the controller is transmitting data.
Rx	LED on when the controller is receiving data.

\* Note that the control panel is common to all the Ecosmart products and will have indicators for functions that are not available in this particular fan. However these indicators will not be illuminated.

### **BMS** input signals

The system's response to a O-IOV dc BMS signal is given in the following table. Note the BMS signal will override any sensors and user control connected in the system. The voltage tolerance is +/\_ I25mV and is measured at the fans terminal.

	Ventilation mode
Local control	0.00
OFF / trickle	0.25
	0.50 or higher the fan operates

### Settings

#### Setting the maximum fan speed

 i) This adjustment should only be made if running the fan at maximum speed would cause a problem on site.

 ii) Switch off the power supply, connect a link wire between L and SL.

Unplug all items connected to the 'Net' connections. Set the pressure setting to the maximum position.

iii) Switch on the power supply, allow the fan to reach a steady speed (approx. 30 seconds). Adjust the pot marked 'Max' to set the maximum speed.

iv) After setting the speed, switch off the power and reconnect the wiring.

#### Setting the minimum fan speed

i) This adjustment should only be made if running the fan at minimum speed would cause a problem on site.

ii) Switch off the power supply, connect a link wire between L and SL.

Unplug all items connected to the 'Net' connections. Set the pressure setting to the minimum position.

 iii) Switch on the power supply, allow the fan to reach a steady speed (approx. 30 seconds). Adjust the pot marked Min to set the minimum speed.

iv) After setting the speed, switch off the power and reconnect the wiring.

#### Setting the operating pressure

i) Select a suitable location on the inlet side of the fan to read the static pressure of the system. This should be a straight section of ductwork, away from any obstructions or bends. Read the static pressure at this point using suitable instruments. If the control pressure tapping has been moved because of ancillaries fitted to the fan inlet, measure the static pressure at the new location.

ii) Adjust the pressure setting using the potentiometer labelled for this purpose in the commissioning box until the pressure of the system reaches the desired level. The adjustment should be made slowly and allow the system to settle (approx. 30 seconds) before reading the pressure.

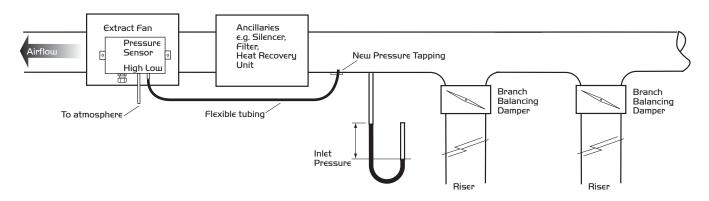
See table 3 for the maximum and minimum recommended operating pressure for each fan.

### Controlling static pressure at fan inlet

Ecosmart constant pressure extract fans are supplied to control the static pressure at the fan inlet. This set up is suitable for the majority of applications. However, when ancillaries with high pressure losses are fitted to the

Fig. 6.

fan's inlet side, the low pressure tapping needs to be moved from the fan chamber to a location upstream of the ancillaries as shown below in fig. 6. Failure to do this will result in excessive pressure being applied to the dampers at the rooms when the system is running in trickle mode.



### IMPORTANT

Isolation - Before commencing work make sure that the unit, switched live and Nuaire control are electrically isolated from the mains supply.

Warning - Inverter Speed Control An Inverter is used to provide speed control. When the fan is isolated, allow 5 minutes for the capacitors in the inverter to discharge before commencing any work on the unit.

## **Maintenance Intervals**

The first maintenance should be carried out three months after commissioning and thereafter at twelve monthly intervals. These intervals may need to be shortened if the unit is operating in adverse environmental conditions, or in heavily polluted air.

Note: failure to maintain the unit as recommended will invalidate the warranty.

## Lubrication

Motors are fitted with sealed for life bearings and do not require any lubrication.

## **General Cleaning and Inspection**

Clean and inspect the exterior of the fan unit and associated controls etc. Remove the access panel from the fan unit. Inspect and, if necessary, clean the fan and motor assemblies and the interior of the case. If the unit is heavily soiled it may be more convenient to remove the fan/motor assemblies.

Check that the shutters are free to move smoothly and that they seal the appropriate fan outlet effectively.

Clean and inspect each fan and motor assembly as follows; taking care not to damage, distort or disturb the balance of the impeller.

- a) Lightly brush away dirt and dust, paying particular attention to any build up at the motor ventilating slots.
   If necessary, carefully remove with a blade or scraper.
- b) Stubborn dirt at the impeller may be carefully removed with a stiff nylon brush.
- c) Check all parts for security and general condition.
  Check that the impeller rotates freely.

Refit the assemblies to the unit (see Replacement of Parts) then replace the access covers

If Nuaire controls and or remote indicators are fitted, remove the covers and carefully clean out the interiors as necessary. Check for damage.

Check security of components. Refit the access covers.

## **Replacement of Parts**

The only item of the fan units unit likely to require replacement are the fan/motor assemblies due to a failed motor or damaged impeller. In either eventuality the complete fan/ motor assembly must be removed from the unit case. **Note: before commencing work, electrically isolate the fan unit and/or the associated Nuaire control, if fitted,** 

## from the mains supply.

Remove the access cover. Disconnect the incoming wiring from the connection box (located on the fan scroll) on the particular fan/motor assembly to be removed.

Support the weight of the fan/motor assembly and remove the mounting screws and washers. Lift the assembly out of the case.

After replacing the faulty item, refit the fan/motor assembly and re-connect the incoming wiring to the fan mounted connection box. Replace the access cover.

## Spare Parts

When ordering spares please quote the serial number of the unit together with the part number. If the part number is not known please give a full description of the part required. The serial number will be found on the identification plate attached to the unit casing.

### Warranty

The 5 year warranty starts from the day of delivery and includes parts and labour for the first year. The remaining period covers replacement parts only.

This warranty is void if the equipment is modified without authorisation, is incorrectly applied, misused, disassembled, or not installed, commissioned and maintained in accordance with the details contained in this manual and general good practice.

### After Sales Enquiries

For technical assistance or further product information, including spare parts and replacement components, please contact the After Sales Department.

## Telephone 02920 858 400

### DECLARATION OF INCORPORATION AND INFORMATION FOR SAFE INSTALLATION, **OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE**

We declare that the machinery named below is intended to be assembled with other components to constitute a system of machinery. The machinery shall not be put into service until the system has been declared to be in conformity with the provisions of the EC Machinery Directive.

Designation of machinery: **Ecosmart Constant Pressure** Direct Drive Single & Twinfan ESTCP and ESXCP Machinery Types: Relevant EC Council Directives: 2006/42/EC (Machinery Directive) Applied Harmonised Standards: BS EN ISO I2100-1, BS EN ISO I2100-2. EN294, EN60204-I, BS EN ISO 900I BS848 Parts One, Two and Five

Applied National Standards:

### Signature of manufacture representatives:



### INFORMATION FOR SAFE INSTALLATION, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF NUAIRE VENTILATION EQUIPMENT

To comply with EC Council Directives 2006/42/EC Machinery Directive and 2014/30/EU (EMC)

To be read in conjunction with the relevant Product Documentation (see 2.1) I.O GENERAL

1.1 The equipment referred to in this **Declaration of Incorporation** is supplied bu Nuaire to be assembled into a ventilation system which may or may not include additional components.

The entire system must be considered for safety purposes and it is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that all of the equipment is installed in compliance with the manufacturers recommendations and with due regard to current legislation and codes of practice.

#### 2.0 INFORMATION SUPPLIED WITH THE EQUIPMENT

- Each item of equipment is supplied with a set of documentation which provides 2.1 the information required for the safe installation and maintenance of the equipment. This may be in the form of a Data sheet and/or Installation and Maintenance instruction.
- $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Each}}$  unit has a rating plate attached to its outer casing. The rating plate 2.2 provides essential data relating to the equipment such as serial number, unit code and electrical data. Any further data that may be required will be found in the documentation. If any item is unclear or more information is required, contact Nuaire.
- 2.3 Where warning labels or notices are attached to the unit the instructions given must be adhered to.

#### 3.0 TRANSPORTATION, HANDLING AND STORAGE

- 3.I Care must be taken at all times to prevent damage to the equipment. Note that shock to the unit may result in the balance of the impeller being affected.
- 32 When handling the equipment, care should be taken with corners and edges and that the weight distribution within the unit is considered. Lifting gear such as slings or ropes must be arranged so as not to bear on the casing.
- 3.3 Equipment stored on site prior to installation should be protected from the weather and steps taken to prevent ingress of contaminants.

#### 4.0 OPERATIONAL LIMITS

- It is important that the specified operational limits for the equipment are 41 adhered to e.g. operational air temperature, air borne contaminants and unit orientation.
- Where installation accessories are supplied with the specified equipment eg. 4.2 wall mounting brackets. They are to be used to support the equipment only. Other system components must have separate provision for support.
- Flanges and connection spigots are provided for the purpose of joining to 4.3 duct work systems. They must not be used to support the ductwork.

#### 5.0 INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

In addition to the particular requirements given for the individual product, the following general requirements should be noted.

- 5.I Where access to any part of equipment which **moves**, or can become **electrically** live are not prevented by the equipment panels or by fixed installation detail (eq ducting), then guarding to the appropriate standard must be fitted.
- 5.2 The electrical installation of the equipment must comply with the requirements of the relevant local electrical safety regulations.
- 5.3 For EMC all control and sensor cables should not be placed within 50mm or on the same metal cable tray as 230V switched live, lighting or power cables and any cables not intended for use with this product

#### 6.0 COMMISSIONING REQUIREMENTS

6.I General pre-commissioning checks relevant to safe operation consist of the following: Ensure that no foreign bodies are present within the fan or casing. Check electrical safety. e.g. Insulation and earthing. Check guarding of system.

Check operation of Isolators/Controls. Check fastenings for security.

6.2 Other commissioning requirements are given in the relevant product documentation.

#### 7.0 OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS

Equipment access panels must be in place at all times during operation of the 7.1 unit, and must be secured with the original fastenings

72 If failure of the equipment occurs or is suspected then it should be taken out of service until a competent person can effect repair or examination. (Note that certain ranges of equipment are designed to detect and compensate for fan failure).

#### 8.0 MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

- 8.1 Specific maintenance requirements are given in the relevant product documentation.
- 8.2 It is important that the correct tools are used for the various tasks required.
- 8.3 If the access panels are to be removed for any reason the electrical supply to the unit must be isolated.
- A minium period of two minutes should be allowed after electrical disconnection 8.4 before access panels are removed. This will allow the impeller to come to rest. NB: Care should still be taken however since airflow generated at some other point in the sustem can cause the impeller to "windmill" even when power is not present.
- 8.5 Care should be taken when removing and storing access panels in windu conditions

Technical or commercial considerations may, from time to time, make it necessary to alter the design, performance and dimensions of equipment and the right is reserved to make such changes without prior notice.