

Installation and Maintenance

MRXBOX95-WH1 (Standard Unit)

MRXBOX95-WH1-OH (Opposite hand Unit)

MRXBOX95AB-WH1 (Standard Unit)

MRXBOX95AB-WH1-OH (Opposite hand Unit)

Mechanical Ventilation Units with Heat Recovery for Wall Mounting

1.0 Introduction

The WH1 wall mounted range of units is designed to provide mechanical supply and extract ventilation with heat recovery. The unit is fitted with two independent fans. Each fan has full speed control for background and boost ventilation rates.

To recover heat from the extract air the heat exchanger block is utilised. The heat exchanger can recover up to 95% of the normally wasted heat.

If the unit has integral automatic HX bypass (AB models only)

The bypass damper shall open automatically via a wax actuator allowing the air to bypass the heat exchanger to deliver fresh filtered air during the warmer months.

IMPORTANT

The unit must remain switched on at all times to maintain ventilation within the dwelling. Turning the unit off will cause long term damage to the unit and building fabric.

This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning the use of the appliance by a person for their safety. Children should be supervised so that they do not play with the appliance.

Figure 1. Airflow through unit (Standard unit).

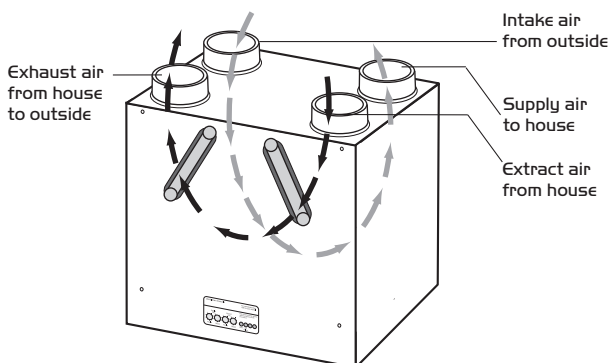
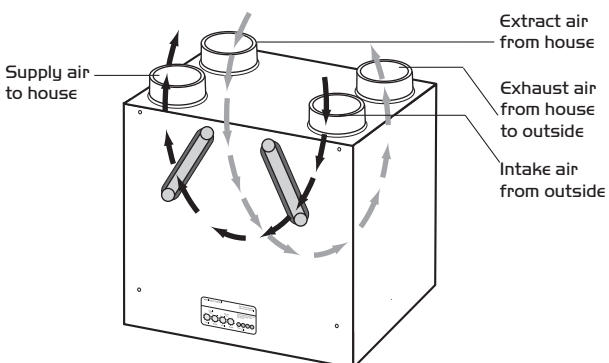


Figure 2. Airflow through OH unit (Opposite hand unit).



2.0 Installation

Installation must be carried out by competent personnel in accordance with the appropriate authority and conforming to all statutory governing regulations. All mains wiring must be in accordance with the current I.E.E. Regulations, or the appropriate standards. Ensure that the mains supply (Voltage, Frequency and Phase) complies with the rating label.

Please note a clear working space is required around the installed unit to allow the cover to be removed and provide sufficient access for maintenance such as filter change.

Please allow a minimum of 430mm in front of the MRXBOX95-WH1 unit and 360mm in front of the MRXBOX95AB-WH1.

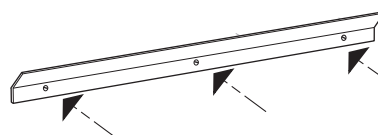
The fan must be installed indoors, on a suitable wall away from direct sources of frost, heat, water spray or moisture generation. For a vibration-free result the unit must be mounted to a solid wall.

2.1 Wall Mounting the MVHR Unit

The unit is designed for wall mounting, only on a solid wall. A gypsum block or stud/plasterboard wall will not suffice.

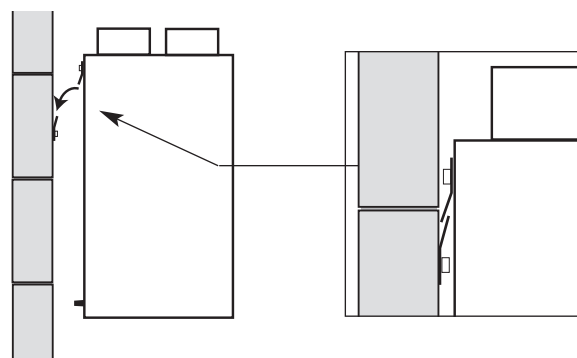
1. One part of the mounting bracket (supplied) should be offered up to the wall, ensuring it's located horizontally. Mark the fixing points through the pre drilled holes in the bracket and install with screws (by others), ensuring the interlock side is at the top, (fig. 3).

Figure 3. Fixing the mounting bracket to the wall.



2. Install the unit on the wall by ensuring the bracket fixed to the rear of the unit interlocks over the wall mounted bracket (fig. 4).

Figure 4. Mounting the unit on the wall mounted bracket.



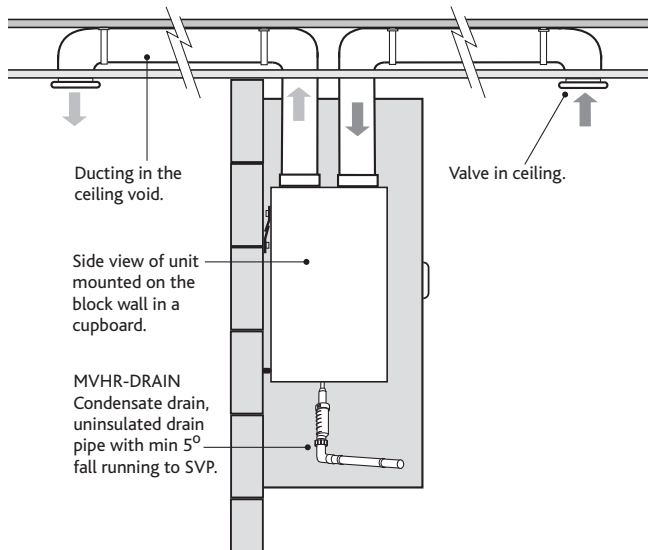
Note: Care must be taken to ensure the unit is installed true in all 3 dimensions. Failure to do so may result in overflow from the internal condensation drip tray.

(See overleaf for mounting option details, on walls or in the loft space).

2.2 Option 1: Wall Mounting

The MVHR unit fixed to a solid wall construction using the mounting bracket provided.

Figure 5. Typical example of a cupboard mounted unit (Standard unit) fixed to a block work wall.



Option 2: Wall Mounting

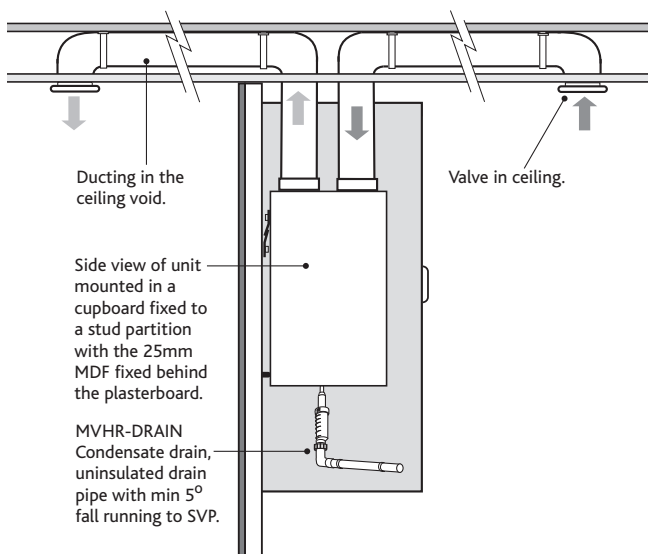
If it is not practical to use a solid wall, the MVHR unit should be fixed to a stud partition with a 25mm minimum thickness MDF panel solidly fixed behind the plasterboard.

If fixing to a stud wall the MDF panel should extend, width wise, over a minimum of 3 vertical studs with centres of no more than 400mm.

Add additional vertical supports if necessary. Height wise, ideally, the MDF panel should extend from floor to ceiling but as a minimum should be a least 2m high.

Fix the mounting bracket to the wall (as fig 3) and use the wall mounted bracket to mount the unit on (as shown in fig 4).

Figure 6. Typical example of a cupboard mounted unit (Standard unit) fixed to a stud partition with the MDF panel fixed behind the plasterboard.

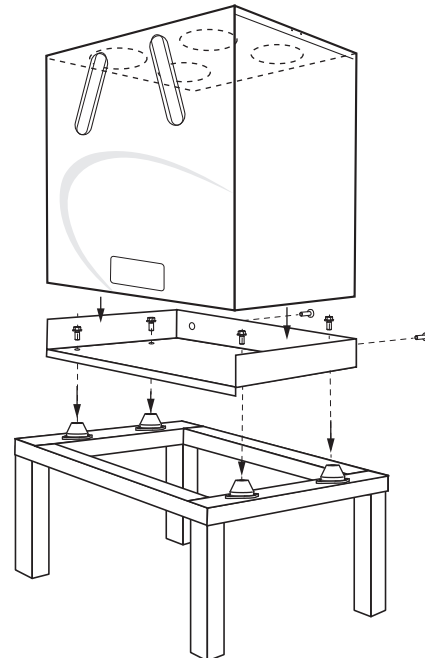


2.3 Option 1: Loft Space Mounting

The MVHR unit should be positioned on a tank stand using the Nuaire Anti-vibration tray assembly discarding the angle brackets.

The Nuaire Anti-vibration tray assembly (to be purchased separately) Part No. AV-WH1.

Figure 7a. Typical example of tray assembly used for mounting in a loft space.

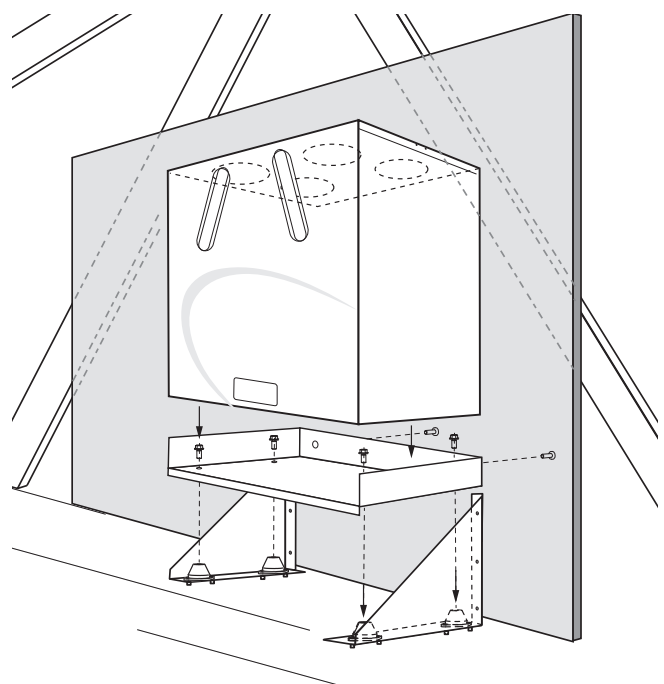


Option 2: Loft Space Mounting

The MVHR unit should be positioned on a 25mm minimum thickness MDF panel that is vertically fixed across the roof trusses to form a solid false wall.

Add additional vertical supports if necessary. Use the Nuaire Anti-vibration tray assembly including the angle brackets (to be purchased separately) Part No. AV-WH1.

Figure 7b. Typical example of tray assembly and wall angle brackets used for mounting in a loft space on 25mm vertically fixed MDF board.



2.3 Condensate Drain

1. The condensate must be discharged under a water level in a U-trap drainpipe or an alternative drain method which acts as an airlock.
2. This condensate discharge connection is suitable for 21.5mm dia. overflow pipe. Solvent cement should be used to make the joint.
3. If using a U-trap please ensure the U-trap has been filled to a suitable level of water to avoid any air locks.
4. If the condensation pipe is fitted in an unheated space the pipe should be in insulated to prevent freezing.

Nuaire recommend MVHR-DRAIN be used as the primary condensate take-off. (see figure 8b and 8c.

Figure 8a. Wet option. Condensate pipe connection to unit and a typical example of a "U" trap drainpipe. (Standard configuration only).

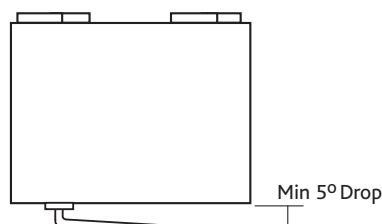


Figure 8b. MVHR-DRAIN option. Condensate drain, uninsulated drain pipe with min 5° fall running to SVP.

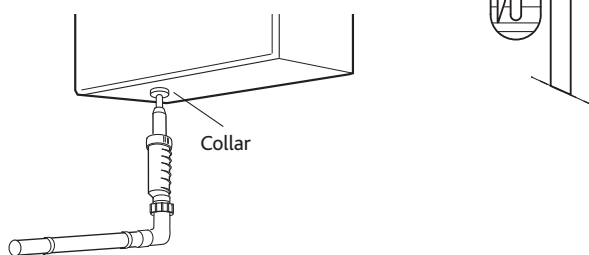
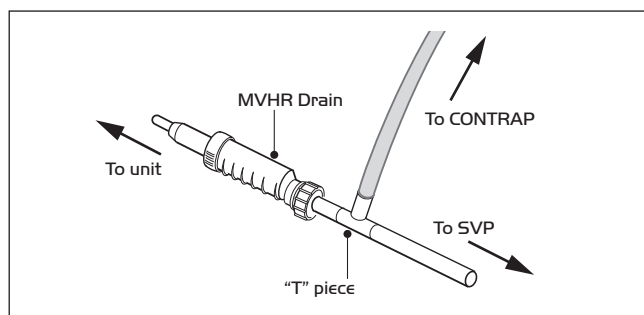


Figure 8c. IMPORTANT: When using a "T" Piece to connect the CONTRAP drainage and the MVHR drain pipework the MVHR drain must always be fitted before the "T" Piece to prevent condensate from feeding back into the MVHR system.



2.4 Extract/input areas

The unit is designed to extract air from all wet rooms e.g. bathroom, kitchen, en-suite, utility room (with sink).

WC's do not need to be ventilated if openable windows are fitted.

Supply air should be to all habitable rooms e.g. bedrooms and lounge. Extract / input grilles should be adjustable valve types (not supplied). External grilles to have a minimum free area of 12,250 sq mm.

2.5 Ducting

Before commencing ducting installation reference should be made to building regulations document "Domestic ventilation compliance guide". This document supports ADF2010 and details installation, testing and commissioning of all ventilation systems.

It is recommended that rigid ducting be used at all times.

Flexible ducting has a very high resistance and it is impossible to calculate how much resistance will be on a system if used.

If used the flexible ducting must be kept to a minimum and should always be pulled taut. A maximum of 300mm should be used on each leg.

To prevent condensation on the outside of the outside air inlet duct and the air outlet duct from the unit, these ducts should be insulated.

Ducting must be installed in such a way that resistance to airflow is minimised. Bends should be kept to a minimum.

A minimum distance of 300mm between the appliance and any bends in ductwork is recommended.

Ideally 150mm diameter or 204 x 60mm rectangular ducting should be used. (Refer to dwelling design drawing, figure 10a and 10b on page 5 for further information).

Ducting joints must be sealed with silicone type sealant and shall be adequately and reliably fixed to the appliance.

2.6 Ventilation flow rates

Table 1.

ADF 2010 – Extract ventilation rates

Room	Min high rate	Min low rate
Kitchen	13 l/s	Total extract rate should be at least the whole dwelling ventilation rate given in table 2.
Utility room	8 l/s	
Bathroom	8 l/s	
Sanitary accommodation	6 l/s	

Table 2.

Whole dwelling ventilation rates

	Number of bedrooms in dwelling				
	1	2	3	4	5
Whole dwelling ventilation rate l/s	13	17	21	25	29

1, 2

Notes:

1. In addition, the minimum ventilation rate should be not less than 0.3 l/s per m² of internal floor area.

(This includes all floors, e.g. for a two-story building add the ground and first floor areas).

2. This is based on two occupants in the main bedroom and a single occupant in all other bedrooms. This should be used as the default value. If a greater level of occupancy is expected add 4 l/s per occupant.

IMPORTANT

Any air intake terminal MUST be installed in accordance with the appropriate regulation.

As a guide, the BS5440 series of British Standards deals with this issue and currently states that an air intake must be at a minimum distance of 300mm from a gas boiler balanced flue.

Installers are advised to be aware of the requirements of this standard when installing 'through the wall' supply air ducting.

2.7 ADF 2010 Ventilation Calculations

Design of MVHR Systems

The MVHR system has been sized for the winter period. Additional ventilation may be required during the warmer months and it has been assumed that the provisions for purge ventilation (e.g. openable windows) could be used.

Step 1: For any design air permeability, determine the whole dwelling ventilation supply rate from Table 2.

As an alternative where the design air permeability is intended to be leakier than ($>$) $5\text{ m}^3/(\text{h}\cdot\text{m}^2)$ 50 Pa, allow for infiltration for all dwelling types by subtracting from the whole dwelling ventilation supply rate **from Table 2**; $0.04 \times$ gross internal volume of the dwelling heated space (m^3).

Step 2: Calculate the whole dwelling extract ventilation rate by summing the individual room rates for 'minimum high rate' from Table 1.

(For sanitary accommodation only, as an alternative, the purge ventilation provisions given in ADF 2010 can be used where security is not an issue. In this case 'minimum high extract rate' for the sanitary accommodation should be omitted from the step 2 calculation).

Step 3: The required airflow rates are as follows:

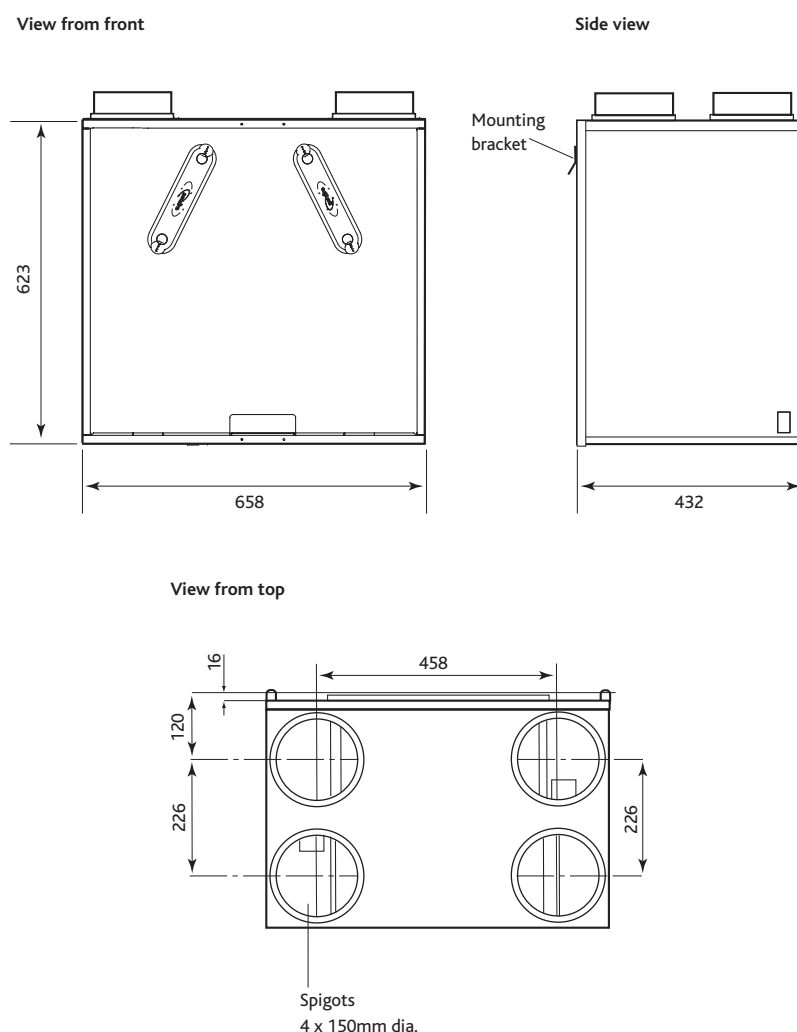
- the maximum whole dwelling extract ventilation rate (e.g. boost) should be at least the greater of step 1 and step 2. Note that the maximum individual room extract rate should be at least those given in **table 1**. for minimum high rate.
- the minimum air supply rate should be at least the whole building ventilation rate found in step 1.

For Scotland refer to BRE Digest 398.

For further information refer to "Domestic Ventilation Compliance Guide" www.planningportal.gov.uk/buildingregulations/approveddocuments/partl/compliance

3.0 Dimensions

Figure 9.



4.0 Ducting Arrangements - Standard Configuration

Figure 10a. Typical ducted arrangement for a wall mounted unit using circular ducting.

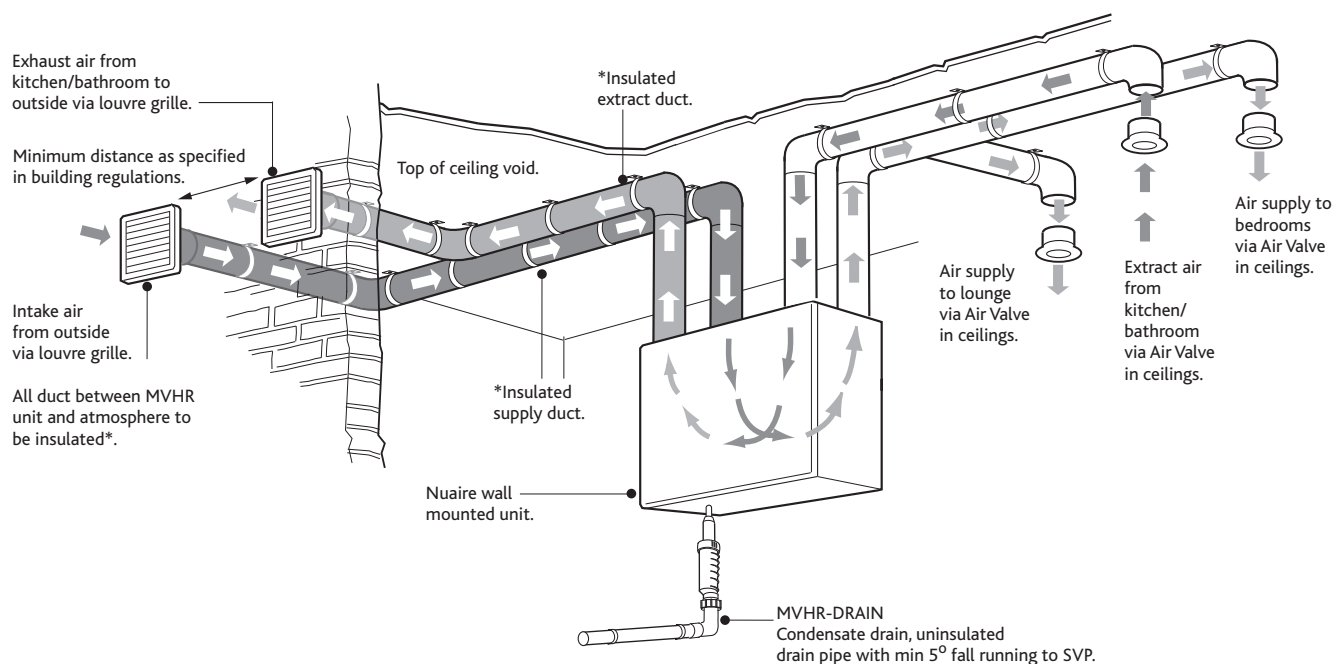
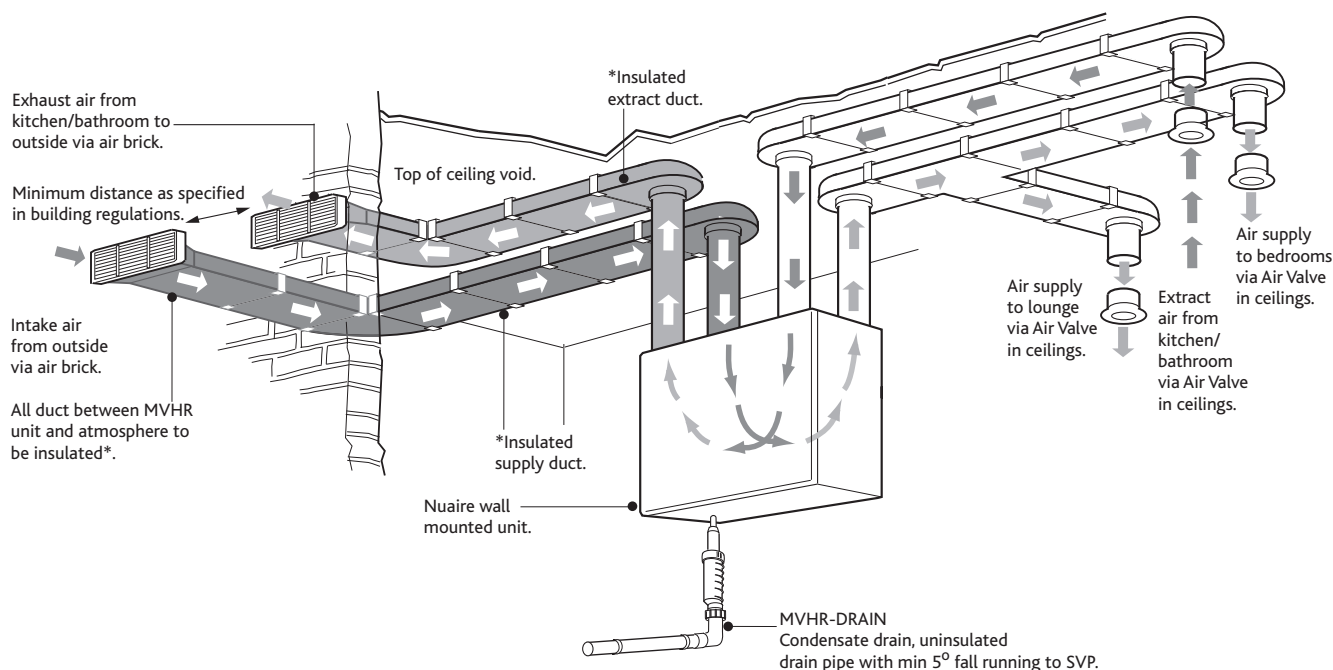


Figure 10b. Typical ducted arrangement for a wall mounted unit using rectangular ducting.



ALSO FROM NUAIRE -

New **ductmaster** range of thermal ducting, an all-in-one insulated ducting system. (see installation document 671620).



5.0 Electrical Connection

IMPORTANT

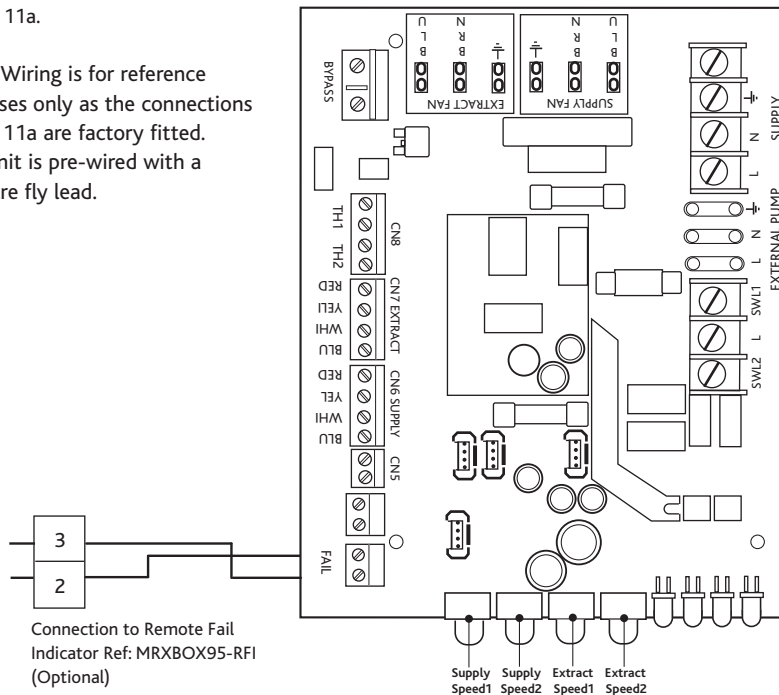
For good EMC engineering practice, any sensor cables or switched live cables should not be placed within 50mm of other cables or on the same metal cable tray as other cables.

Please note: the electrical connection of the unit must be carried out by a qualified electrician.

The unit is supplied with a flexible cord for connection to the mains supply.

Figure 11a.

Note: Wiring is for reference purposes only as the connections in fig. 11a are factory fitted. The unit is pre-wired with a 2 metre fly lead.



Electrical details:-

Voltage: 240V 1ph 50Hz

Consumption: WH1 - 1.3 Amp

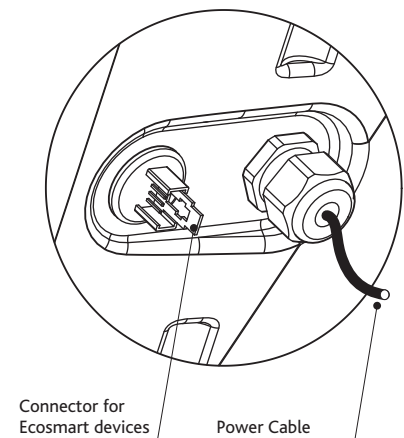
Fuse rating: 3 Amp

NOTE This unit must be earthed.

The cable from the mains power supply should be connected to a fixed wiring installation, via a fused isolator, in accordance with current IEE wiring regulations.

Figure 11b.

View of the base on the unit, showing the position of the connector for Ecosmart devices located next to cable entry.

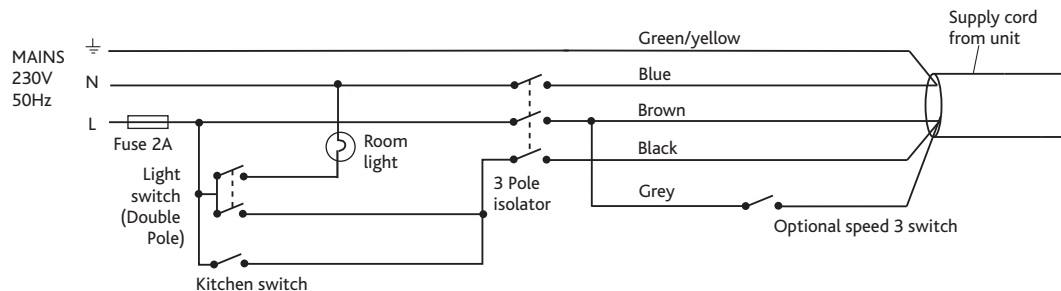


If more than one Ecosmart sensor is required please use MRXBOX-JB and refer to leaflet No. 671700 for installation instructions.

Unit serving kitchen and bathroom

Figure 12.

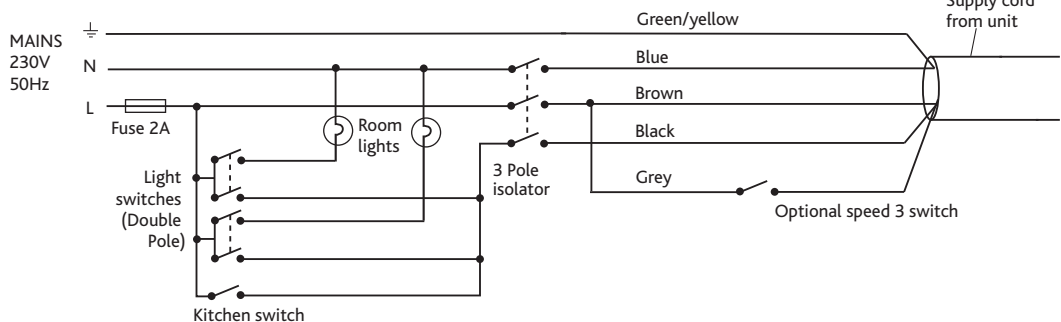
Disconnection from the supply mains must be incorporated within the fixed wiring in accordance with the wiring regulations and shall have a minimum contact separation of 3mm.



Unit serving kitchen and two bathrooms

Figure 13.

Disconnection from the supply mains must be incorporated within the fixed wiring in accordance with the wiring regulations and shall have a minimum contact separation of 3mm.



5.1 Optional Controls For further information contact Nuaire on 029 2085 8400.

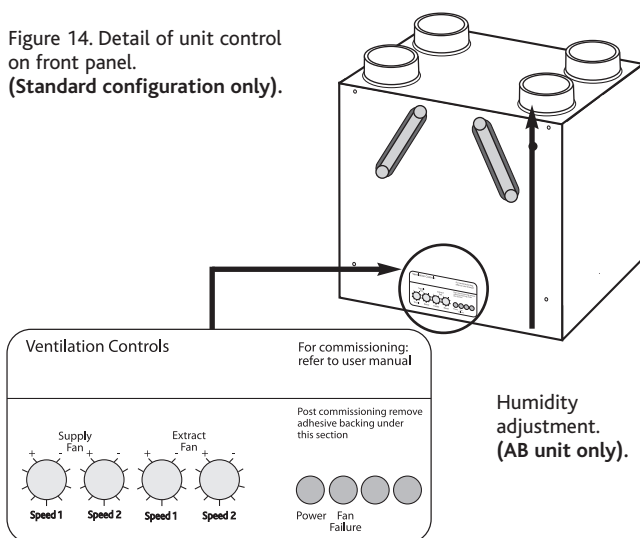
6.0 Commissioning

IMPORTANT

The filters fitted inside the unit are protected with a plastic film. Prior to commissioning remove the covers (figs 15/16), take off the film and replace.

- 2/ For the required air flow rates please refer to the design specification for the property, follow 2.4, or refer to building regulations ADF 2010.
- 3/ The unit is supplied with independent control for both normal and boost airflows. (see fig. 14).
- 4/ Correct commissioning is essential to ensure the ventilation air flowrates are met. It also ensures the unit is not over ventilating and causing excessive power consumption.
- 5/ Commissioning should be carried out in accordance with building regulations document "Domestic ventilation compliance guide". www.planningportal.gov.uk/building-regulations/approved-documents/partf/associated
A calibrated moving vane anemometer and hood will be required to carry out commissioning.
- 6/ Adjustment valves should be locked in place to prevent further adjustment.
- 7/ Once commissioned the home owner / tenant should be informed that the unit should not be adjusted as it will have a detrimental effect on the indoor air quality and could result in condensation and mould growth. The label covering the control has an adhesive panel which should be removed post commissioning to prevent tampering.
- 8/ Speed 1 is limited to never exceed speed 2, when commissioning speed 2 should always be set first.

Figure 14. Detail of unit control on front panel.
(Standard configuration only).



6.1 Speed 3

The unit has the ability to override both speed 1 and speed 2 to operate the fan to maximum airflow. See wiring diagram for details of operating this facility.

6.2 Humidity adjustment (AB unit only).

This product contains an internal humidity sensor fitted into the air-flow extracting from the wet rooms. When the unit senses that the humidity exceeds the set point the unit will boost to that set by the commissioned boost speed. The set point can be found on the front of the unit (see Fig 14) and is at its least sensitive when turned fully clockwise. Note that the sensor is measuring humidity from all the wet rooms at the same time and should not be relied on to solely boost the unit. Additional switch should be used local to the wet rooms (see wiring diagrams).

7.0 Status Indication

The status of the unit is indicated by a series of LED's on the front cover. The variants are listed below.

Speed 1	●	○	○	○
Speed 2	●	○	●	○
Speed 3	●	○	●	○
Supply Fan Fault	●	●	○	○
Extract Fan Fault	●	●	○	○
Frost Protection	●	○	●	●
Filter Change	●	○	○	●
HX Bypass (AB units only)	●	○	●	●

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8.0 Thermal Bypass (Non AB models)

In the event of excessive outside temperatures, and to help prevent over-heating, the supply fan will automatically reduce to a trickle speed. Under these circumstances additional ventilation measures may be required e.g. open windows or trickle vents (if fitted).

9.0 Maintenance/Cleaning

IMPORTANT

Isolation - Before commencing work make sure that the unit, switched live and Nuaire control are electrically isolated from the mains supply and switched live supply.

We recommend that the two G3 filters are inspected after 6 months, and replaced every 12 to 18 months. The filters can be removed from the unit by removing the two filter covers on the front panel of the unit. Take hold of the two circular tabs either end of the filter covers and pull out.

The filter can now be extracted by pulling the removal loop on the front edge of the filter. Once the filters have been inspected return or replace them as necessary. Inspect the heat exchanger every 5 years. Generally check for damage and security of components. Refit cover.

Figure 15. Removing the two filter covers on the front panel of the unit.

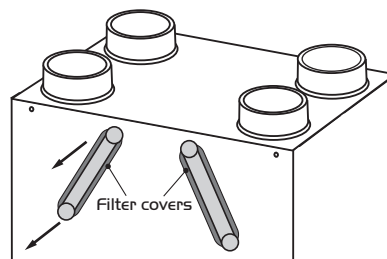
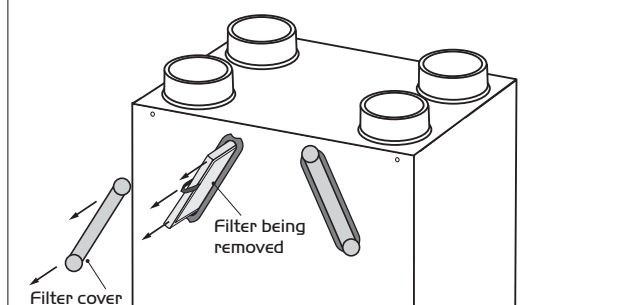


Figure 16. The filters can be removed by pulling on the black tab on the visible end of the filters.



10.0 Replacement of Parts

Should any component need replacing Nuaire keep extensive stocks for quick delivery. Ensure that the unit is electrically isolated, before carrying out any work.

Note: The supply cable must be replaced by an electrically competent person.

When ordering spare parts, please quote the serial number of the unit and the ARC number of the purchase if possible.

(This information will be available on the fan label).

11.0 Warranty

The 5 year warranty starts from the day of delivery and includes parts and labour for the first year and parts only for the remaining 4 years.

This warranty is void if the equipment is modified without authorisation, is incorrectly applied, misused, disassembled, or not installed, commissioned and maintained in accordance with the details contained in this manual and general good practice.

The product warranty applies to the UK mainland and in accordance with Clause 14 of our Conditions of Sale. Customers purchasing from outside of the UK should contact Nuaire International Sales office for further details.

12.0 After Sales

For technical assistance or further product information, including spare parts and replacement components, please contact the After Sales Department.

Telephone 02920 858 400